sels had turned to the westward, where the Marblehead was stationed. Captain Lemly's Policy.

Much of the effort of the judge advo-cate has of late been directed toward an attempt to prove that the affair of May If was not a reconnoissance, but that Schley went in for the purpose of de-stroying the Colon and falled to do so. Contrary to expectation the "Govern-ment's side" will not conclude today, al-though Captain Lemiy anticipates having all his evidence in by Monday night of Tuesday marning. The attendance at the Court yesterday was quift large and there were, as usual, many ladies in the sudi-

were, as usual, many ladies in the audielice.

At the opening of the Court the judge
advocate corrected the official report of
his statement Thursday in relation to the
cablegrams as to the megaphone message
of May 19 from the Eagle to the Scorpton
and Brooklyn. He said he did not question the accuracy of the report, which
made him say that he would not offer the
cablegrams in evidence because they were
not sworn testimony, but he would like
his statement to appear that, alkhough
the depositions were sworn, they were
not in the shape of such ex parts sworn
evidence as is usually admitted before
courts of enquiry, but that taking them
at their full value there was no objection
to them on his part.

at their full value there was no objection to them on his part.

Rear Admiral Henry C Taylor, the Indiana's commander in the war with Spain, was recalled to correct his testimany, and while he was on the stand he was questioned on an important and interesting point. Admiral Schley's counsel have endeavored unsuccessfully to introduce as evidence signals between Admiral Sampson and Admiral (then captain) Taylor on the morning of July 3.

"I desire to ask the admiral one question before he leaves the stand," said the judge advocate after Admiral Taylor had certified to the report of his evidence.

"Did you have from any source information that the Spanish fleet was going to make a sortle on the 3d of July?"

"None whatever," answered Admiral Taylor.

Then Mr. Payner asked a question. "Ad-

Taylor.
Then Mr. Rayner asked a question: "Admiral, you didn't get a message from the Vixen as to any smoke arising from the barbar."

Narbor?" was the response.
Captain Parker, Admiral Schley's junior counsel, fresh from a day's visit to his home in Perth Amboy, N. J., concluded to take a hand in the questioning.
"You didn't get a message from Admiral Sampson or Admiral Schley?" he asked.
"None," repeated the witness.
While waiting for the next witness Captain Lemly put in evidence a report from Captain thow Rear Admiral) Merrill Miller, of the cruiser Raicigh, in restard to the accuracy of the stadimeter for measuring distances. Captain Lemly present of Captain Miller's report, which showed that the stadimeter was securate 61 to 500 yards, but that it is 1,000 yards an error

advocate.

Q.—Describe what the Flying Sanadrad did off Chenfueges in the nature of book ading that port by day and by night.

A.—During the 23d of May the ships remained six or seven miles out until alou 4 o'clock, when they steamed in passing cast orgonists the entrance a distance of

4 o'clock, when they steamed in passing cast opposite the entrance a distance of between 2,000 and 2,000 yards at very slow speed. Then they beaded out again about 5 o'clock and ateamed to the southward and eastward. They stopped about 6,00, and during the night they held positions in column lying almost dead in the water.

Q.—What effort, if any, was made to communicate with the insurgents off Clenfueges? .-There was no effort whatever that

I saw.

Q.—Describe what you saw of that affair of May H. (The firing on the Colon.)

A.—We commenced to steam in about 1 o'clock from the westward. The speed was ordered for ten knots. I had command of the two after 8-inch turrets, starboard and port.

Firing on the Colon. Q .- Had you any instructions from th

ader-in-chief in regard to the fir-A .- After we started in I received a mes-

sage by an orderly that the commodore wished to see the turret officers. I do not recollect talking with the commodore. He was present. Captain Higginson instruct ed me that we were to steam by the en trunce at 7,000 yards range and at ten knots speed. I asked the captain if the speed should be so fast. He said that was order. I returned to my turret. As we steamed past my port battery was engaged and I stood in the port turret and gave my caffet the range at 7,800 yards. That was the first time that we passed the entrance. We fired two shots at that

range.

Q.—Why did you not fire more?

A.—We were not able on account of time. We were not able to discharge and load the gus in time.

By the Court:

Q.—Did you take cross bearings or use any other means to determine the position of the Massachusetts at daylight on the morning of the 28th, 19th, 39th, and 31st of these.

-1 did not. -Were you directed to direct the first your division at the Colon or at the At the Colon.

A.—At the Colon.
Captain Lemiy took occasion in the Interim between the departure of Lieutenant Aithouse and the next witness to introduce in evidence the telegraphic report and the mailed report of Commodore Schley in regard to the reconnoisance of May 31, when the Massachusetts, the Iowa, and the New Orleans fired at the Cristobal Colon. The reconnoisance, he said, was made at 7.00 yards for the purpose of destroying the Colon. The first despatch also stated that the guns at the east and west of the untrance were of east and west of the entrance were of large collbre and of long range. The sec-ond desputch was to the same effect, but in greater detail. This despatch also stated that "the fortifications were pro-vided with long range guns of large call-bre."

vided with long range guns of large call-bre."

Lieut, Theodere G, Dewey, a nephew of Admiral Dewey, now serving on the Alahama, was called and described the character of Schier's blockade off Santiaga while he was attached to the Massachusetts. The distance of the American ships from the harbor entrance was from five to eight miles. In steaming past the harbor entrance at night the ships went three or four miles on each side of it. The day blockade was maintained at about the same distance as the night blockade. He did not recall that the squadron maintained any particular formstion in the daytime. He knew of no orders for the squadron to follow in the event that the enemy came out.

By Capitain Lemily:

Q—Del you have any conversation with the commanding efficer of the Flying Squadron or with anyone in his presence on the 21st of May in research to fring on the Colon? What were your instructions from him or from suvene in his presence.

Squadron or with anyone in his presence on the 1st of May in regard to firing on the Colon? What were your instructions from him or from accome in his prisence?

A.—Shortly before we started in to the entrance I was told that the commodore wished to see the turret officers in the pilot house, and the commodore started in the hitended to go in a few minutes to have a try at the Colon and that we must fire at the Colon, and he hoped we would sink her. I asked what speed we were to make and was told about ten knots. I remarked that I thought that was giving its very little chance at the Colon, as she would be in sight between the headlands only a rouple of moments, and, as the sincke from the guns would probably make our firing very slow. To the best of my recollection the commodore said we would have to do the best we could said that the speed would be ten knots.

Q.—What ranges did you employ in firing the li-inch guns from the after turret?

A.—I had only one shot going and one

A.—I had only one shot going and one shot coming. I fired the segund shot on the run to the sastward, when I fired had the Colon in sight. I was told that the shot fell short. I raised my sight to \$550 pards. I did not see the fall of that shot swing to the smoke, but was told that if fell short. On the return trip my sight was \$1.50 yards.

Q.—Did any of the enemy's shots come near you?

A.-None of the shots from the Color r snywhere near us and only a few r shots. Two or three shots fell t the Massachusetts, and one I be-went slightly over.

What did you think about the re of the enemy's guns?

A.—I do not think they were guns of large calibre—about six inches.

By the Court:
Q.—Were you ordered to direct your fire on the Colon or on the batteries are may 307.

A.—On the Colon of on the batteries and the Colon entirely.
Q.—By whom were you so ordered?
A.—I cannot recollect whether the order was given by the commanding officer of

and Works Off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tableta cure a co ne day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 centa. the ship or by the commodore probably y the commanding officers. At the con-ersation in the pilot house bothing was aid about the batteries. The idea was a go in and sigk the Colon. Admiral Schief's counsel said they had no questions to ask Lieutenant Dewey.

From the Marblehead. Lieut. Francis Boughter told the court what he saw from the Marblehead n the Spanish American war. In maintaining the Santiago blockade by Schley, the Marblehead, which was one of the

inner pickets, was about three miles from shore, and about its miles west of the Morro. Lieutenant Boughter was questioned by the Coart as follows:

Q.—Was the Marbiehead in such a position off Santingo that the enemy's vessels could be seen if they had attempted to leave the harber?

A.—That would depend upon circumstances—upon the state of the weather, upon how close to the shore line they kept and upon their being able to cancest their fires. If they kept close to the shore and we were three miles off we could not see them provided they concealed their fires.

Mr. Rayner cross-examined the witness to get at his understanding as to the chance for the Spanish ships to escape from Santingo Hurbor, and Lieutenant Boughter explained that those on the Marbiebend could not have seen them if they bud come out at night in the manner which he had stated to the Court.

Junior Lieut. Ernest L. Bennett, who was flag fleutenant to Admiral Sampson in the war with Spain and who is now at the Boston Navy Yard, where he served as aide to Admiral Sampson up to the latter's recent detarchment from that station, followed Lieutenant Boughter. He was the first witness from the New York who has been called by the Judge advecate.

To Captain Lemby's questions, he said

who has been called by the judge advecate.

To Captain Lemly's questions, he said he could not remember what despatches were sent by Admiral Sampson to Commodore Schley' on May 29, 1885, by the Dupont, lowa, and Hawk, as it was not his business to keep track of them. The New York arrived at Santiago on the morning of June 1, and found the Flying Squadron there. The witness added that as seen as the New York arrived, the Colon, which was lying near the entrance to the harbor, steamed back farther.

Captain Lemly then turned over the witness to Mr. Rayner, with the explanation that he could not object to having Mr. Rayner eximine Lieutenant Bennett as folly as he pleased, without being restricted to the testimory given in the examination in chief. Mr. Rayner said he had nothing to ask the witness.

The "Dear Schley" Letter.

The "Dear Schley" Letter.

Exceedingly important testimony was dven by Licut, Charles E. Marsh (now of the flagship Kearsarge) who was flag lieutenant to Admiral Sampson in the Spanish war. By him the judge advocate howed that according to an entry in the the Dupont carried the "Dear Schley

the Dupont carried the "Dear Schley" letter for Sampson and delivered it to Schley at Cienfuegos.

The Judge Advocate—It appears in evidence before the Court that the tor-peds bost Dupont left Key West on the 5th of May with despatches to the com-mander of the Flying Squadron at San-tingo. Were you in the performance of your duty at Key West at that time? A—Yes.

tingo. Were you in the performance of your duty at Key West at that time?

A.—Yee.

Q.—Can you from memory state what despatches were so sent by the Dupont to be delivered to Commodore Schley?

A.—To the best of my knowledge and belief the documents sent by the Dupont to Commodore Schley consisted of a letter from Admiral Sampson and a memorandum which had been peceived from Commander McCalla.

Q.—Describe these two documents.

A.—My reason for remembering the incident is that we received a telegram from the Navy Bepartment requesting Admiral Sampson to ask Captain McCalla for certain information concerning the neighborhood of Clorifucgos and the possibility of landing troops there. The arrival of that telegram was nearly coincident with the arrival of Captain McCalla, and he brought a reply to it in the form of a memorandum. That was written in cipher and was sent to the commander of the Flying Squadron.

Lieutenant Marish said he would be able to tell from the official record of the New York when these communications had been sent. He asked for the official journal which Admiral Sampson was required to keep by the naval regulations, the press copy book, and index books, By reforence to the index he found entries showing that two letters to Schley had been written by Sampson on May 15, numbered 5 and 6, and that the second letter enclosed at the McCalla memorandum, and one letter on May 20 beginning "Dear Schley" and designated as number 7. With the "Dear Schley he Santlago on account of a report that the Spanish fleet was at that piece."

Mr. Rayner cross-examined Lieutenant weeks.

Mr. Rayner cross-examined Lieutenant

as the Dupont the only vessel cried No. 72

A.—No, sir.

Q.—Was the Dupont the only vessel that carried No. 7?

A.—I think so.

Q.—Have there not been duplicate copies of No. 7 introduced here?

The Judge Advocate—There have been two copies of No. 7 introduced.

Mr. Hayner Ito the winess]—How do you account for the other copy?

A.—I know nothing about the other copy it is possible that the Hawk carried it.

Q.—Then your Lettmony is that the Dupont earried No. 7, and that you have no recollection of any other vessel carrying it?

no recollection of any other vesses carrying 87
A.—That is right.
Q.—Now, as to No. 8 (the despatch of May 2, 1898, from Admiral Sampson to Commodore Schiey, beginning "Spanish soundron probably at Santiago); what vessels—one or more—carried that?
A.—No. 8 was carried by the Hawk.
Q.—Did not the Marblehead carry a duplicate copy of No. 8?
A.—I think that the Hawk and the Marblehead had duplicate copies.
Q.—The only open question is whether

Q.—The only oper question is whether the lower did not carry No. 7. A.—She did not carry R.

Bitter Agninst Schley.

There was a stir of interest among the spectators when Capt. French E. Chadwick was called. Captain Chadwick was ommander of the flagship New York the war with Spain. He was admonished the war with Spain. He was aumonished by the Navy Department last year for saying that he would not take Admiral Schley by the hand if they should meet, Yesterday he sat five or six feet from Admiral Schley, but they did not speak. Captain Chaiwlick has been regarded as the most ardent partisan of Admiral Sameson.

the most arount partisan of Admiral Sampsen.

To questions by Mr. Hanna the indge ndvocate's assistant, Captain Chadwick told of seeing Captain McCalla, of the Marblehend, on board the New York at Rey West on May B, and that Captain McCalla had told him of making arrangements with Caltana near Centuages by which the American vessels could communicate with them. Captain McCalla told the witness of the secret code of signals which he had arranged with the Cubana, but he did not want mything said about it, as the Marblehead was going back to Centuages the next day.

"Did you communicate these signals to Commedore Schley; and if not, why not saked Mr. Hanna.

"I did not communicate these signals to Commedore Schley; answered Captain Chadwick, 'biceause Captain McCalla said he was going to Cienfuages the next day."

Other questions brought out from Captain Chadwick that the Brooklyn, with Schley on board, had left Key West when Captain McCalla arrived there and told the witness of the signal arrangement, and that the witness didn't remember having told Captain Evans about it. Captain for the communication between Sampson and Schley on board to New York on May 16, when Schley's stundrou reached Key West.

Schley in the presence of the witness, assured Sampson that he was very loyal to him, and was pleased to be under his command. The witness told also of interviews in his presence between Sampson and Schley on the New York on June 1, and June 1, off Santiago. On June 4, there was a conversation between Admiral Sampson, Admiral Schley, and the commanding officers of ships, and on that same day there was a conversation between Sampson and Schley and the commanding officers of ships, and on that same day there was a conversation between Sampson and Schley on the New York on June 4, there was a conversation between Sampson and schley on the New York on June 4, there was a conversation between Sampson and schley on the New York on June 4, there was a conversation between Sampson and schley on the New York on June 4, there empson. To questions by Mr. Hanna the judge

said about the feasibility of a blockade off Santiago?" "Yes; I remember that as Commodore

The Best Prescription for Malaria Chills and tever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure-no pay. Prior 50c.

Objected to Praising Schley. Mr. Rayner-Do you remember a de-patch from Admiral Sampson in which

congratulated Commodore Schley or A .- Yes; I remember that because I pro ested against this congratulation and called Admiral Sampson why he persisted liner pickets, was about three miles from shore, and about six miles west of the

naked Admiral Sampson why he persisted in it; he said 'I want to encourage him.' I said that under the circumstances I thought it was improper.

Mr. Bayner read the congratulatory desputch. It was in reply to the one from Schiey to Sampson, saying that he was blockading Cervera in Santiago, and was as follows: "Congratulate you on success, Maintain close blockade at all hazards. Especially at night; very little to fear from torpido boat destroyers. Coal in open sea whenever conditions permit. Sind a ship to examine Guantanamo with view to occupying it as buse."

Air. Rayner—You stated that this signal code with the Cuban Insurgents was not made known to Commodore Schiey.

Q.-From what source did the informa-

cable.

Q.—From what source did the information come to you that the Spanish fleet was in the harber of Santiago?

A.—The first information we had was by telegram from the Navy Department, he next information was a statement of aptain Allen, of the Signal Corps. Lieutenant Staunton, of Admiral Sampson's inff. had met Captain Allen on the treets in Key West, on May 20, and haddormed him that the evening before he ad received a communication from a degraph operator at Havans that the panish fleet had gone into Santiago farbor. He said he was only waiting for se evening of the Sith, as he could communicate with Havasa only once a day, have that information corroborated, he fact was corroborated in the evening of the Commoder Schitzy that is Spanish fleet was at Santiago.

Mr. Rayner said to Commoder Schitzy that is Spanish fleet was at Santiago.

Mr. Rayner said to Commoder Schitzy that in Dewey would not consent to the seasion prolonged beyond the gular hour of adjournment, which had sen arrived, and declared the Court adarried.

THIRTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY. J. A. Ruwlins Post Celebrates the Occasion Fittingly.

John A. Rawlins Post No. 1, Grand Army Republic, celebrated its thirty-lifth universary last night at the Grand Army Hall with song, speeches, recitations and music. The hall was crowded with old soldiers of '63, younger comrades of the Spanish-American war, and their many friends. Alvey S. Taber, Past Commander of the Post, presided, and the programme kept the patriots in sociable

ssembly until a late hour. S. L. Cross, Acting Commander of the Post, in a short address, stated the object of the meeting, and referred to the glor-lous past of the organization. He was followed by Comrade John McElroy, who spoke briefly. "Sheridan's Elde" was recited by Dunear Haywood.

ons, was called upon for a few remarks and he spoke of his profound respect for the Grand Army and its lofty purposes. He said he had, on many occasions, spoken in praise of the organization, and ever had had cause to retract his words

r to qualify his utterances. "The founders of the Grany Army." ald Mr. Murphy, "were actuated by no de and patriotic impulses, and the mem ers have always been falthful to the dens of the organizers. I am not one of those who, in these latter days, forget the marrifees and the struggles of the loys who were the bine—not one of those who affect to look upon the Grand Army as an organization that measures its pa-triotism by the governmental bounty it requires."

eceives."
Mr. Murphy in the course of his resures referred to the inconspicuous are marks referred to the inconspicuous and inappropriate location of the Hawlins statue, fronting the Centre Market. He said that a movement ought to be imagurated to secure the removal of the status to a more appropriate location where it could be pointed out as the statue of one of the heroes of the civil var, remarkable as well for his ability and, heroism as for of the heroes of the civil var, remarkable as well for his ability and, heroism as for his wisdom, both in time of war and as President Grant's chick adviser during his first administration. "When Rawlins digd," said Mr. Murphy, "General Grant lost the wisest and safest counsellor he ever had." Mr. Murphy's remarks were received with loud and sustained applause. Israel W. Stone, Department Commander, made a short address in which he referred to the contest which the Grand Army of the Republic had to undergo on March 4, and in which he said that "organization came out best." He is in favor of the erection of a memorial arch in honor of the late President.

Among others who contributed toward the entertainment of the evening were George Rollins, F. M. Donoghue, Comrade Charles H. Reaney, Harry C. Statum, Major Behle, and others.

Among those present were Gen. E. W. Whitaker, once chief of staff of General Klipatrick and also on the staffs of General Cook; Dr. Robert Reyburn, who attended President Lincoln after the attempt on his life was made, was also present, as well as Col. E. F. Noske, Refreshments were served during the evening.

erved during the evening.

TOLD A TALE OF MISFORTUNE. Aged Colored Man Charged With Being a Snenkthief.

Robert Johnson, an old colored man sourcetly about sixty-five or sevents cears of age, is locked up at the Eighth precinct on several charges of petit larceny. The complainants are a number of residents living along Brightwood Aveme and in the extreme northwest part

Johnson had a card that he presented everyone that came to the the houses where he appealed for assistance. Upon the card were related all the incidents and misfortunes of the man's career. Among his complaints was one to the effect that his house had been recently destroyed by fire, when all of his caraings and earthly possessions had perished in the thance. The card also enumerated several accidents in which Johnson was said to have figured.

Journeying alleig Eighth Street morthwest, he stopped at several houses and presented this card. He claimed to be very bungry and tired, and begged for something to eat. Touched by his appeals at several of the places where he stopped those who came to the door retired to the rear of the house ta get him semething to cat.

During their absence he would slip into the front rooms, and secured a number of fancy cups and saucers and several pictures. he houses where he appealed for assist-

went from house to house with the He went from house to house with the same story, and stole a cumber of articles before Policeman Wight, of the Ekighth precinct, was notified, and placed him under arrest. When arrested Johnson claimed that he was not the man wanted. He said that he was moving into a house which he had just rented in that part of the city. He will be given a hearing in the Police Court this morning.

NEW RESERVATION BUILDINGS Indian Bureau Completes Plans for

Schools and Dormitories. The plans and specifications for a new school buffeling at Truxton Canon, Cois-rado, and a new dormitory at Fort Mo-jave, Ariz., have been completed by the Indian Office, and bids will be advertised in a few days. Congress has made an appropriation of \$12,000 for the school build-ing and \$15,000 for the dormitory. It is also proposed to erect a new school build-ing at Keam's Canon, Arizona, and a new stone dormitory at Fort Apache, Arizona. The total cost of the new buildings will be about \$150,000.

\$2.50 To Luray and Return vin B. & O. R. R.
Including admission to the Caverns. Train leaves
Washington 8 s. m. Sunday, October 13. Stopping
at intermediate stations. Returning, leave lunay PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Party of Delegates Leaves for the City of Mexico Today.

The Trip to Be Made in a Luxurious Train Under the Auspices of the Pennsylvania-To Make a Short Stop in St. Louis - The Passengers.

The delegates to the International Conference of American States, to be held in the City of Mexico, will leave Washington this afternoon for the scene of their la-bors. The United States Government, through the Department of State, has commissioned the Pennsylvania Railroad company to provide the transportation fa-dilities, and a completely appointed special train has been placed at the disposal of

the delegates,

The train is composed exclusively of the ording to the standard of the celebrated Pennsylvania Limited. The delegates will find it not only a comfortable, but a luxurious home during their long trip of nearly 4,000 miles. The train has been equipped and the schedule arranged by the Pennsylvania Rallroad's personally conducted tourist department, and an ex-perienced representative of that branch of the passenger service will accompany the party and direct the movement.

Every detail of the trip has been pro-

arranged and the time table made in advance over five railroads, exclusive of the Pennsylvania system. Aithough the arrangements have been perfected on very short notice, they are complete in every detail, and the distinguished tourists will have an excellent opportunity of testing the perfection of travel that has been attained under this comprehensive system of personal Pscort.

No attempt will be made to break any time records, but the special will be run on the schedule of one of the fast expresses to St. Louis. It will leave Washington at 3:30 p. m. and arrive at St. Louis at 6:40 p. m. tomorrow. The passing of Sunday and Monday night in the next World's Fair city will be the only break in the journey. Leaving St. Louis Monday at 11:59 p. m., the train will arrive in the lity of Mexico at 10:20 a. m., October 18.
Following is the list of passengers on
the train and the countries which they

present; Argentine Republic-Senor Don Martin trela Merou, E. E. and M. P. (delegate). Brazil-Senor Don Jose Hygino, Senora gino, Senor Don Luis Percira Guerna-es, Senor Don A. Fontoura Xavier, nora Xavier. orn Xayler, Don Alberto Blest Gana egate), Senora Gans, Senor Don Au-to Matte.

sto Matte.

olombia-Senor Don Carlos Martinez
ya, E. E. and M. P. (delegate). Gen.
facil Reyes, Senor Rafael Reyes, Sr.
osta Rica-Senor Don Joaquin Berrdo Catvo, E. E. and M. P. (delegate).
uatemala-Senor Antonio L. Arriaga.
Laiti-Mr. J. N. Leger E. E. and M.
(delegate). Madame Leger, Miss
irke.

leuragua-Senor Don Luie B.

ourke, T. Januarie Legar, alss Nicaragua-Senor Don Luis F. Corea E. and M. P., (delegate). Peru-Senor Don Isaac Aframora (dele-te). Senor Don Manuel de Calderon E. and M. P. (delegate). Senora Cal-ron, and two children, Senorita Cal-ron, Senorita Rosa Calderon, Senor Don an de Osma, Senor Don P. Davalos Lis-t.

Salvador-Dr. Francisco A. Reyes, Dr. omas Miguel Molina, Mr. Manuel M. Me-Tomas Miguel Molina, Mr. Manuel M. Melindez.

United States-Mr. Henry G. Davis 'lelegatel', Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Katherine
Brown, Miss Brown, Mr. W. I. Buchanan,
Mrs. Buchanan, Miss Buchanan, Mr.
Charles M. Pepper (delegate), Mrs. Pepper, Miss Pepper, Mr. Volney W. Foster
(delegate), Mrs. Hill, Miss Eva Foster,
Mr. John Barrett, Mr. J. C. Williams (secretary), Mrs. Williams and two children
Uruguay-Dr. Juan Cuestas, E. E. and
M. P. (delegate), Senor Juan Etchegarraz,
Venezuela-Senor Don Jose M. Fortoul,
International Union of American Republics-Mr. Williams C. Fox (secretary
and neting director), Mrs. Fox, Miss Fox,
C. S. Robb, A. V. Foster, L. H. Stevens,
J. V. Noel, Don Juan Terrazzas.

AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK. Receivers Report Nominal Assets of

877,005.18. The receivers appointed some time ago by Justice Hagner to take charge of the assets and manage the affairs of the American Savinga Bank yesterday filed a report setting forth the condition of the affairs of the corporation. The appli-cation for the appointment of a receiver or receivers for the bank was made by Nicholns T. Haller, a large stockholder and also a depositor in the bank. On this petition Tracey L. Jeffords and Conrad H. Syme, the former representing the peti-tioner and the latter the bank, were named as receivers. Later, on the petition of other depositors, Alexander Wolf and Charles Francis Carusi were named as ositors generally.

In brief, the report of the receivers hows that they found no funds in the thirty promissory notes, aggregating \$77,005.18, together with the bank furni-

ture.

The report submitted to the court is as follows:

The receivers, heretofore appointed, herein report assets of defendant bank which have come into their possession as follows:

Bank charter, stock book and records, one from safe, one chair, one table, one countrer, one life case, one corporation seal, one check punch, iron wire atther work, sartitions and doors, account book, letter book, letter files, check coks, depont books, letter files, check coks, flore time notes over in files, check coks, depont books, letter files, check coks, and check commanders, letter files, check coks, depont books, letter files, check coks, depont bo

in the teach.

Ity-five promisory notes, nearly all due, were found in the bank, and so as the receivers have been able to deline, are there for collection. Nearly refor small amounts.

In stock book of the bank shows five handred stars of its capital k are objectapiliar and issued to the wing named persons. Shares are \$190 is at par-value: William Oscar Roome, George, T. Farker, '90; J. H. McCork, 100; N. T. Haller, 100; E. B. Stock, 10; Williams, P. Leckwood, 5; Leverett Emplesby, 5; M. T. Davis, S. James H. indee, 1; Charles N. Wake, 1. Certifiers of all tiles stock amounting to 38 res out of the 50 shares of Rs capital ck, were found in bank, George P. Jinson and William B. Mathews, receively, being credited on the books as owners of the other two shares.

Receivers for Solvent Concern. HELD FOR GRAND JURY. Colored Girl Pleads Guilty to Theft af \$790.

Blanche Talbet, colored, who was ar-

rested on Thursday evening charged with the theft of \$790 from Mrs. Johanna (cleary, yesterday pleaded guilty in the United States branch of the Police Court.

United States branch of the Police Court and was held in \$1.600 band to await the action of the grand jury.

Bianche Taibot knew Mrs. O'Leary, hereing formerly worked for her. On Thirsday morning she is said to have gone to Mrs. O'Leary's house on First Street northwest, and taken the money from the poelst of a skirt which was lying on a table. Mrs. O'Leary is leighty years old, and the money represented her savings for years. All but about \$10 was recovered.

Headache caused by fedigenties promptly cured by Royal Headache Tablet. Safe, Sure.

INVESTIGATING THE CHARGES.

Considerable Reticence Observed in the Case of Judge Street. It was learned last night at the Depart It was learned last night at the Department of Justice that the investigation of charges against Chief Justice Webster Street, of the Supreme Court of Arlzona, was now under way, but that the nature of the charges would not be made public

of the charges would not be made public until the investigation is completed. About six weeks ago the department received complaint, intimating, it is al-leged, that Judge Street had accepted \$5.000 as consideration for his alleged de-cision in a mining case. Other charges were also said to have been filed against him-one in regard to his alleged approval of the annexing to or including in the corporation of the city of Phoenix certain private lands.

At the time the complaints were re-ceived Judge Street was visiting in the East. Hearing of the matter, he came to Washington at once. It has since been understood that President Roosevelt has best types of modern Pullman cars, in-been making personal enquiries regarding cluding a dining car, and is equipped ac-the matter. It is said to be the President's determination to make rigid in vestigation of all charges against the

vestigation of all charges against the United States judiclary.
Interest in Judge Street's case is being revived by the recent arrival in Washington of Judge M. Jamison, whose appointment as Chief Justice of Arizona in place of Judge Street, it was rumored, the President had under consideration.
It was stated last night at the Department of Justice that Mr. Jamison had come here and had requested that he be appointed to the chief justiceship of Arizona in case of a vacancy, it was also special to the chief justiceship of Ari-zona in case of a vacancy. It was also stated that no determination to appoint Mr. Jamison had been arrived at, and that Judge Street would continue in office, unless the charges against him now being investigated were substantiated.

ARRIVAL OF SENATOR FRYE. Will Probably Confer With the

President Today. Senator Frye, who will undoubtedly b lected presiding officer of the Senate at Washington late last night. He will call upon President Roosevelt today. An important conference will probably be held either at that time or in the near future. In addition to being one of the party leaders whose advice is liable to be sought on almost any subject, Senator Frye is the senior member of the Committee on The senior member of the Committee on Foreign Relations, it is quite likely that the President will draw on Senator Frye for advice regarding his message.

A number of other members of the upper house will appear in Washington soon. Senator Fairhanks, of whose 194 Presidential boom little has been recently heard, is expected almost any time. Senator Culberson is due here on October 15.

DANGEROUS AND INSANE.

Fully Armed Colored Man Arrested on the Street.

James A. Diggs, colored, will this morning be sent to the Government Hospital for the Insane. Diggs, still a free agent, yesterday morning armed himself to the teeth and started out looking for trouble. When at the corner of Thirty-second and usly a Springfield rifle, he was discovered by Policeman Davis. The gun was cocked and the man was carrying it at port. It was afterward found to be load-ed. The officer disarmed him and took him to the Georgetown police station, where two revolvers, a knife, and a pocket full of cartridges were also found in his possession. Drs. Burch and Mayfield examined him and pronounced him insane The police had been looking for Diggs for several days, as a warrant had been Issued charging him with having threat-ened the life of Lewis H. Douglass, col-ored, the eldest son of the late Frederick

ored, the eldest son of the late Frederick Douglass.
Diggs has a piece of property it Burville, near Benning, D. C., on which longlass holds a mortgage. Tursday afternoon Diggs intered Bouglass office, 609 F Street northwest, during the absence of the proprietor. It is said he was armed with the Sprinfigeld rifle and several revolvers, and announced that it was his purpose to kill Douglass upon sight. On hearing of the affair Douglass informed the police and secured a warrant charging Diggs with threats. When arrested yesterday at Thirty-second and U Streets northwest Diggs carried the same weapon that he had when he appeared at Douglass' office and his pockets were filled with ammunition. Diggs formerly worked at a livery stable near the corner of Fourteenth and Park Streets. Mount Flensant.

merly worked at a livery state of the corner of Fourteenth and Park Streets. Mount Pleasant.

On May R. 1999, Diggs, mounted on a horse, paraded up and down the streets, fourishing an old sabre, with which he made thrusts at imaginary opponents, shouting at the top of his voice. He was, on that occasion, arrested by Policeman Sweet, and on being adjudged insane was sent to the asylum. He escaped July 5 and has since eluded the authorities.

ELECTRIC WIRE CAUSES FIRE.

Several Hundred Dollars' Damages to the Store of Eiseman Bros. An electric wire in the show window iseman Brothers' store, Seventh and F Streets northwest, caused a fire last night about 7 o'clock and resulted in a stimated at several hundred dollars Policeman Galpin turned in an alarm from box 125, on discovering the fire, and several engines, truck companies, and the water tower responded. The firemen found it necessary to break

in the big show window on the Seventh Street side of the stores, in order to street side of the stores, in order to reach the fire, which burned away a portion of the structure of the window itself. A quantity of clothing and other stock arranges in the window was damaged to a considerable extent.

During the progress of the fire a big crowd gathered about the store, attracted by the engines and excitement. The police assisted the firemen, keeping the crowd from the immediate vicinity of the fire. The loss is covered by insurance.

GENERAL YOUNG REPORTS.

Satisfactory Condition in the De-

partment of the Columbia. The annual report of Maj. Gen. Sam uel B. M. Young, commanding the Department of the Columbia, was made public yesterday evening by the Adjutant

"The strength of the command during the year has increased by 13 officers and 630 callsted men, who have been employed solely in the usual garrison duty. health and efficiency of the troops have

health and efficiency of the troops have improved, and the percentage of trials and describes has decreased.

"Large numbers of horses and mules and quantities of forage, required to meet the demands of the troops in the Philippine Islands, have been purchased within the limits of this department, and shipped to their destination by the Quartermaster's Department in a highly satisfactory manner, and this department has also supplied the poats of Forts Liscom, Valdez, and Camp Shagway, Alaska with such stores and funds as were required for the needs of those garrisons, and in comection with the Subsistence Department has arranged a much simplified and improved method of supply for the remaining posts in Alaska. Under orders from the War Depairment 1400 riding liotses have been purchased by me at a cost of \$295.95, averaging \$7.23 3.5 each."

Justice Bruilley yesterday appointed Alexand Wolfe and Joseph B. Bailey to take charge the assets and wine up the business of the De-partment Investment Company. It is stated that the company is perfectly solvent and receivers were asked for merely for the purpose of wind-ing up its affairs. Among the assets of the com-pany is quite a great deal of real estate which will be sold. the assets and wind up the business of the De

CHOLERA IN INDIA.

AWARD AGAIN AFFIRMED.

Court of Appeals Decides in Favo of Mrs. Roth.

The Court of Appeals for the District yesterday affirmed the judgment of the Supreme Court of the District in its award of \$2,500 to Mrs. Catherine Roth against the District of Columbia for damages to her property, premises 1228 Fifth Street northwest. The matter has being a subject of litigation before the local courts for several years. Twice Mrs. Roth was awarded damages by juries in the Circuit Division of the Su-preme Court of the District, and as many times has the District made an appeal to the higher court.

When the case was first brought to trial the presiding justice, after hearing the evidence for the plaintiff, ordered a verdict for the defendant. From this decision counsel for Mrs. Roth took an appeal, and the Court of Appeals for the District reversed the lower court and remanded the case for a new trial. At the second trial, when the jury rendered a verdiet awarding Mrs. Roth \$2,500, the upper court sustained the Supreme Co of the Listrict.

Several years ago Mrs. Roth conducted a grocery business at the premises Commissioners established a police sta-tion immediately adjoining her place of tion immediately adjoining her place of business. In connection with the police station was established a stable, which Mrs. Roth alleged created such a nuisanes as to ruin her business. She alleged that the flies from the stable swarmed about her store in such great numbers as to be objectionable to her customers, besides ruining her stock in trade.

TO CELEBRATE THE FIRST MASS The New Bloomingdale Parish to

Hold Service Tomorow. The first mass of the newly established parish of Bloomingdale will be celebrated tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock by the Rev. Father Eugene A. Hannan, pastor the coming session of Congress, arrived in of St. Anthony's Church, Brookland, at Washington late last night. He will call the old Moore mansion, North Capitol and T Streets northwest. Miss Brown, the organist of the Soldiers' Home, will preside at the organ. John A. Foley has

been appointed sexton, making the church organization complete. Sunday school will be held in the same place at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. At 4:30 o'clock a meeting of the parishioners and all others who are interested in the new church will take place. All efforts are being made by the pro-

moters of the new church to collect sufficient funds to erect a suitable church edifice. To advance this purpose a progressive euchre party will be held on Wednesday, October 16, at 5 o'clock, in the old Moore mansien,

the old Moore mansion.

A meeting of the parisbioners was held last Sunday at the old Moore mansion and there were about 200 persons present, who signified their intention to become members of the new church. The Sunday school was also opened last Sunday, and there was an attendance of 15 children, a number largely in excess of the most sanguine expectations of the promoters of the church. The Rev. Father Hannan, at last Sunday's meeting, stated that the Cardinal had assigned an assistant to him in the person of the Rev. Father Mack. Father Hannan said that the Cardinal had given him instructions to proceed with the work and bring it to a successful conclusion.

The Rev. Father Hannan and the mem-

a successful conclusion.

The Rev. Father Hannan and the members of the new parish extend a cordial invitation to all Catholics to attend the first mass of the new church tomorrow morning at 19:29 o'clock at the old Moore

HELD IN \$1,000 BOND.

Having Cashed Morrow's Braft.

Harry Huddleston, the War Department clerk, who was arrested on Wednesday on a charge of having forged the name of Lieut. Charles H. Morrow, Forty-seventh United States Volunteers, to a Treasury draft for \$123.3, was yesterday held in \$1,000 bond by Judge Scott in the Police Court to await the action of the grand

At the hearing of Huddleston's case, Charles Brandt and Francis B. Heitman, clerks in the Treasury Department, described the channels through which the warrant passed until it reached Hudd ston's hands. Lieutenant Morrow, wi when the draft was drawn last Ap-was in the Philippines, testified that did not receive it; that he wrote t Treasury Department to that effect, a got a reply stating the draft had be cashed in this city. freasury Department to that can got a reely stating the draft had been cashed in this city.

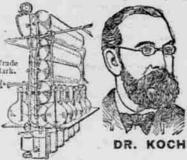
Miss Lulu B, Monahan, the cashier of a local department store, took the witness stand, and testified that she cashed the draft, and that, to the best of her belief, Huddleston was the man who presented it.

Asthma and Consumption Cured X-RAY EXAMINATION FREE

Showing Diseased Lung. At the last international meeting of consumption doctors at Beriln, one year ago last May, Prof. Koch, of Germany, was the only man recognized as having successfully cured consumption.

Dr. Edward Koch is a professor at the National German University in Berlin, and the discoverer of the germ poison, bacilius, causing consumption; also of the Tuberculine Medicine that kills this germ and cures the disease.

The Koch inhalation machine is here.
It is the latest invention for throwing into the lungs these healing oily vapors,



which heal up the sore places and cur

Rochester, Asheville, and many other large cities.

Humireds of patients have published their cures, and 69 more testimonials are on file at the original Kech Lung Cure offices, at 657 E Street northwest, Wash-ington, D. C.

MOORE-PARKER-In Ballimore, Md., Thu day, October 19, 1991, by the Rev. Freder Enger, JAMES D. PARKER, of Washington, C., and LUCY BELLE MOORE, of Alexandr

(Alexandria papers please copy.) DIED.

ROOT—Saddenly, on October 10, at Haissthe Md., SAMUEL H., beloved instand of Flos B. E. Root (nec Folson), aged thirty-three years Sanday, October 13, from residence his parents, Broadway, Va.

"Tis hard to break the tender cord Where love have bound the heart, (The hard, so hard, to say the word, Must we forever part?

Sicep, bushand, thy task is o'cr, Thy loving hands shall bull no more; No more these tender eyes shall weep; Sicep, dearest husband, gently sicep. BY HIS WIFE. DUCKETT-On Thursday, October 10, 1991, UFUS DUCKETT, at 7:45 o'clock a. m., aged leven years, only son of Desnis and Jane Duck-

ett.
Funeral from Nount Carmel Raptist Clurch,
Saturday, October 12, 1501, at 2 o'clock. Friends
and relatives invited. IN MEMORIAM. DUCKETT-in memory of our dear daughter HATTIE M. DUCKETT, who died two year

BY HER MOTHER AND FATHER.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., KINDERGARTEN NOR-MAL INSTITUTE-Model kindergarten, echeol and teachers' department, 1425 Q st. nw. MISS SUSAN PLESSNER POLLOCK, Principal.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE ASSESSOR, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, WASHINGTON, OCTOBER 5, 1991.—
NOTICE IS HERERY GIVEN that on the THIRFY-FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER 1990, will expire all liceness issued by the District of Cohumbra to Apothecarios, Auctioneers, Brokers,
Ranke and Bankers, the Proprietors of Barrooms,
Buil*Phosters, the Proprietors of Billiard, Regatells, Pool, Jenny Lind Tables and Shuffle
Boards, Bowling Alleys, etc., Cattle Brokers,
Commission Merchants, Dealers in Ice Merchandies, Dealers in Junic and Secondhand Fersenal
Property, Dealers in Old Barrels, the Proprietors of
Hotes, Intelligence Offices, etc., Insurance
Companies, Insurance Agents, the Proprietors of
Levery Stables, Manufacturers of Huminating
Gas, the Proprietors of Restaurants or eating
houses, Real Estate Agents, the Proprietors of
Heatres, Wholesale Ligner dealers, etc., All
persons engaged in the allowe-manuel Stanches of
uniformity with law. By order of the Comconformity with law. By order of the Com-OLUMBIA, WASHINGTON, OCTOBER 5, 1901 -

CONGRESS STREET M. P. CHURCH, Thirty-first Street, between M and N.—After extensive improvements the church will be re-opened of SUNDAY, THE LITH INST. Rev. G. W. Had-daway will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. F. T. Tang, D. D., will preach at 3 p. m. Old Irlends of the church and the public are cordially invited to worship with us. ml SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST CHURCH, Eighth Street ne. between F and G-Elder W. A. Westworth, Pastor, Services tomorrow evening at 7:30. Subject: "God's Eternal Purpose and Why Sin Was Permitted." Seats free, All are

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